

GaAs MMIC 2-BIT PHASE MODULATION CHIP 4 - 12GHz

Features

Freq: 4~12GHz
Insertion Loss: 0.2dB

Chip Size: 1.3mm×1.65mm×0.1mm

General Description

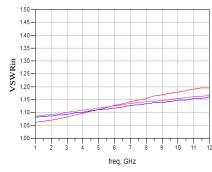
The HG125Y is a 2-bit GaAs pHEMT phase modulation chip which is rated from 4 to 12 GHz. The chip features extremely low insertion loss of 0.2 dB across all phase states. The input/output VSWR is 1.2/1.2.

Electrical Specifications(T_A =25 \mathcal{C})

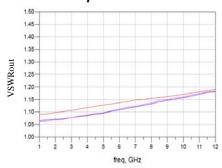
Parameter	symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Frequency	f	4 ∼12			
Range(GHz)	,				
Input VSWR	VSWRin	-	1.2	-	
Output VSWR	VSWRout	-	1.2	-	
Insertion	IL (4∼8GHz)	-	0.15	-	
Loss(dB)	IL(8∼12GHz)	-	0.25	-	
Phase difference	$\Delta \Phi_1$	-	-10	-	
(°)(8GHz)	$\Delta \Phi_2$	-	-20	-	

Notes: The reference path is IN-OUT, $\Delta\Phi_1$ is the phase difference between IN1-OUT1 and reference path. $\Delta\Phi_2$ is the phase difference between IN2-OUT2 and reference path.

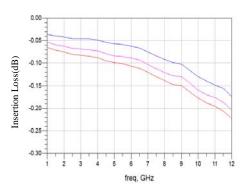
Input VSWR



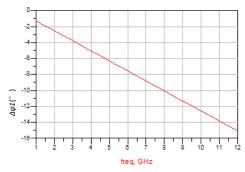
Output VSWR



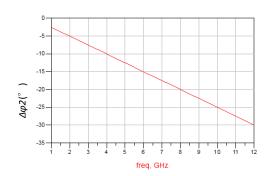
Insertion Loss



Fixed phase modulation unit 1(10°@8GHz)



Fixed phase modulation unit 2(20°@8GHz)

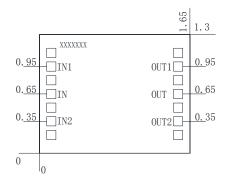




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	2GHz	4GHz	6GHz	8GHz	10GHz	12GHz
phase modulation unit 1(°)	-2.5	-5	-7.5	-10	-12.5	-15
phase modulation unit 2(°)	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30

Outline Drawing (mm)



Absolute Maximum Ratings

RF Input Power	+27dBm		
Operating Temperature	-55℃~125℃		
Storage Temperature	-65℃~150℃		

Notes:

- 1. The chip should be stored in a dry and nitrogen environment, and used in a clean environment.
- 2. GaAs material is brittle, can not touch the surface of the chip, must be careful when using.
- 3. The chip is welding with conductive adhesive or alloy (alloy temperature should not exceed 300° C, and no more than 30 sec.), and should make it fully grounded.
- 4.The chip microwave port and substrate gap is not exceeding 0.05mm, with $\Phi25\mu m$ double gold wire bonding, suggested length of gold wire 250 $\sim\!400\mu m.$
- 5. Chip microwave port without DC blocking capacitor.
- 6.The chip is sensitive to static electricity, and should be protected against static electricity during storage and use.