



#### **Features**

Freq: 27.5~30GHz

Gain: 19dB

Output Power:36dBm

PAE:24%

Supply Voltage: +6V Supply Current: 1.8A

Chip Size: 3.5mm×4.2mm×0.1mm

# **General Description**

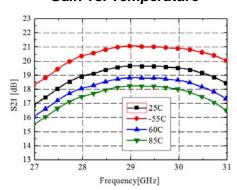
The HG138F-1 is a GaAs pHEMT MMIC Power Amplifier operating between 27.5 and 30GHz. The amplifier has been optimized to provide 19dB gain, 36 dBm of saturated power ,and 24% PAE.

# Electrical Specifications( $T_A$ =25 C, Vdd = +6V, Vg = -0.8V)

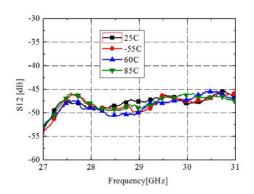
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Freq(GHz)	27.5~30		
Gain (dB)	_	19	1
Gain Flatness (dB)	_	±1	1
Input Return Loss (dB)	_	20	_
Output Return Loss (dB)	_	20	_
Output Power for 1 dB	_	35 —	_
Compression(dBm)			
Saturation Power (dBm)	_	36	
PAE	_	24%	

## Measured Performance

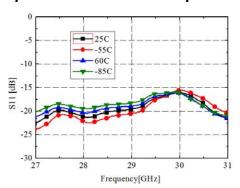
## Gain vs. Temperature



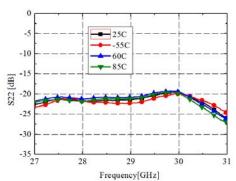
## Reverse Isolation vs. Temperature



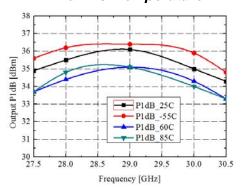
### Input Return Loss vs. Temperature

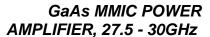


# Output Return Loss vs. Temperature



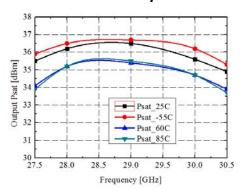
#### P1dB vs. Temperature



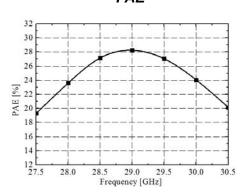




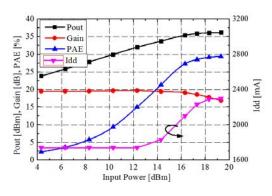




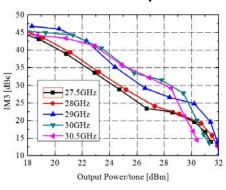
# PAE



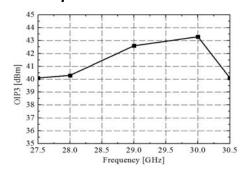
Pout & Gain & PAE & Idd



## IMD3 vs. Freq



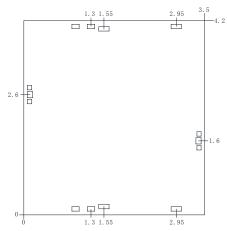
# Output IP3@Pout/tone=17dBm



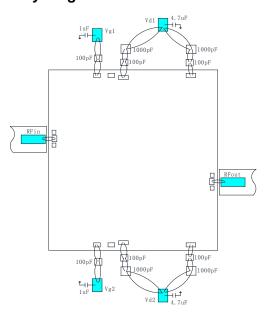
# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage	+6.5V	
RF Input Power	+25dBm	
Operating Temperature	-55℃~85℃	
Storage Temperature	-65℃~150℃	

# Outline Drawing (mm)



## Assembly Diagram





GaAs MMIC POWER AMPLIFIER, 27.5 - 30GHz

#### Notes:

- 1. The chip should be stored in a dry and nitrogen environment, and used in a clean environment.
- 2. GaAs material is brittle, can not touch the surface of the chip, must be careful when using.
- 3. The chip is welding with conductive adhesive or alloy (alloy temperature should not exceed  $300^{\circ}$ C, and no more than 30 sec. ), and should make it fully grounded.
- 4.The chip microwave port and substrate gap is not exceeding 0.05mm, with 50 $\mu$ m double gold ribbon bonding, suggested length of gold wire 250 $\sim$ 400 $\mu$ m.
- 5. Chip microwave port with a DC blocking capacitor.
- 6. The chip is sensitive to static electricity, and should be protected against static electricity during storage and use.